



# SPECjbb2005 performance and power consumption on Intel- and AMD-processor-based quad-processor servers

## Executive summary

Intel Corporation (Intel) commissioned Principled Technologies (PT) to measure the SPECjbb2005 performance and power consumption of quad-processor servers using the following two processors:

- Dual-core AMD Opteron processor model 8220 SE
- Dual-Core Intel® Xeon® processor 7140M

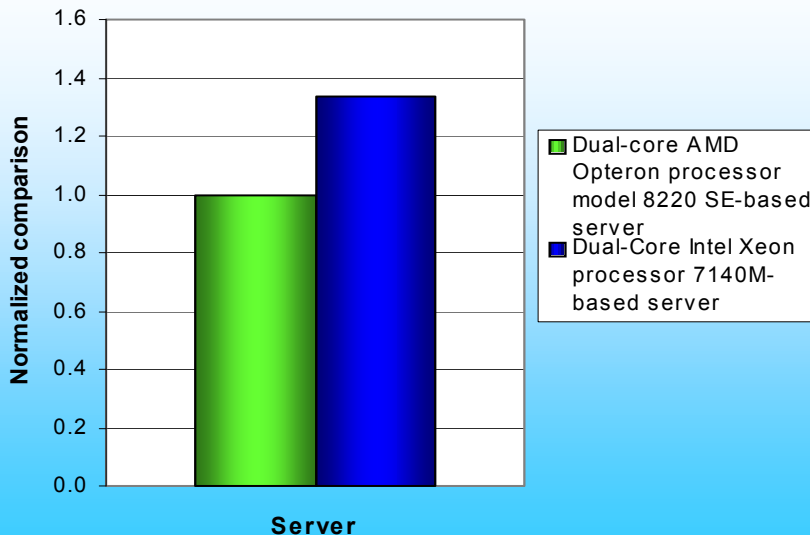
SPECjbb2005 is an industry-standard benchmark created by the Standard Performance Evaluation Corp. (SPEC) to measure a server's Java performance. SPEC modeled SPECjbb2005 on the three-tier client/server architecture, with the middle layer as the primary focus. Per SPEC. "Random input selection represents the first (user) tier. SPECjbb2005 fully implements the middle tier business logic. The third tier is represented by tables of objects, implemented by Java Collections, rather than a separate database." ([www.spec.org/jbb2005/docs/UserGuide.html](http://www.spec.org/jbb2005/docs/UserGuide.html)).

SPECjbb2005 uses multiple special data groups and multiple threads as it runs. Each data unit is a "warehouse", which is a roughly 25MB collection of data objects. Each thread represents an active user posting transaction requests within a warehouse. The benchmark run begins with one warehouse and then increases the number of warehouses; its goal is to saturate the server's processor capacity. As the number of warehouses increases, so does the number of threads. The benchmark's results portray the server's throughput in bops (business operations per second). Because bops is a rate, a higher number of bops is better. (For more information on SPECjbb2005, go to [www.spec.org](http://www.spec.org).)

## KEY FINDINGS

- The Dual-Core Intel Xeon processor 7140M-based quad-processor server delivered 34 percent more performance/watt than the dual-core AMD Opteron processor model 8220 SE-based quad processor server (see Figure 1). (We calculated performance/watt using system-level power measurements.)
- The Dual-Core Intel Xeon processor 7140M-based quad-processor server delivered 46 percent higher peak performance than the dual-core AMD Opteron processor model 8220 SE-based quad processor server (see Figure 2).

Performance/watt results



In this section, we discuss the best results for each server. SPECjbb2005 requires a Java Virtual Machine (JVM) on the system under test. We used the BEA JRockit 5.0 (P26.4.1 build P26.4.1-5-64782-1.5.0\_06-20060726-0014-win-x86\_64 JDK for Microsoft Windows) JVM for this testing and left the default installation settings. At the time of testing, this was the most current version publicly available from the BEA Web site to download. (A new version that promised improved performance was due soon.)

For complete details of the performance of each JVM by warehouse for each server, see the Test results section.

Figure 1 illustrates the performance/watt for each of the servers. In this chart, we show relative

Figure 1: Performance/watt (quad-processor) results of the test servers running SPECjbb2005. Higher numbers indicate better performance/watt.

performance. We calculated the relative performance by assigning a value of 1.00 to the performance/watt of the lower system and then expressing the other system's performance as a comparison to that number. Thus, each data point in these charts is a comparative number, with higher results indicating better performance/watt.

To calculate the performance/watt we used the following formula:

Performance/watt = the benchmark's score / average power consumption in watts during the time period in which the benchmark was delivering peak performance

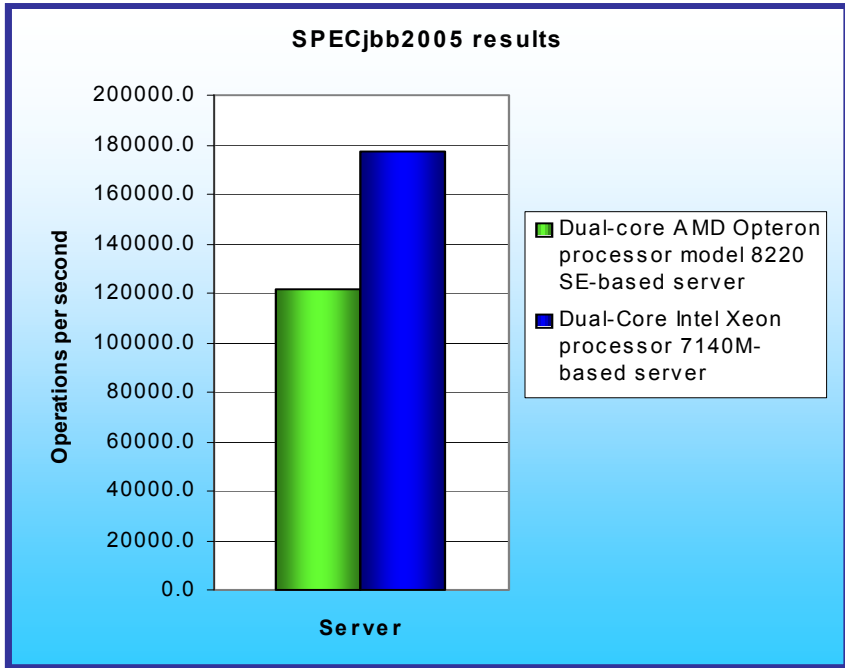


Figure 2: SPECjbb2005 business operations per second (quad-processor) results for the test servers. Higher numbers of operations per second are better.

As Figure 1 illustrates, the Dual-Core Intel Xeon processor 7140M-based quad-processor server delivered 34 percent more performance/watt than the dual-core AMD Opteron processor model 8220 SE-based server.

Figure 2 shows the SPECjbb2005 results, in bops, of the test servers. Each result is the median peak score of three runs of the benchmark. See the Test results section for the scores from all three runs. A higher SPECjbb2005 score indicates the server is able to handle more Java requests and thus deliver greater throughput.

The Dual-Core Intel Xeon processor 7140M-based server produced the highest results, 177,037 bops, while the dual-core AMD Opteron processor

model 8220 SE-based server achieved 121,291 bops. The Dual-Core Intel Xeon processor 7140M-based server thus delivered a 46 percent performance increase over the dual-core AMD Opteron processor model 8220 SE-based server.

Figure 3 shows a plot of the power usage of the servers as they were running the benchmark. The red lines indicate the power measurement interval, the time during which the server was delivering peak performance and during which we captured power measurements. Lower power consumption is better.

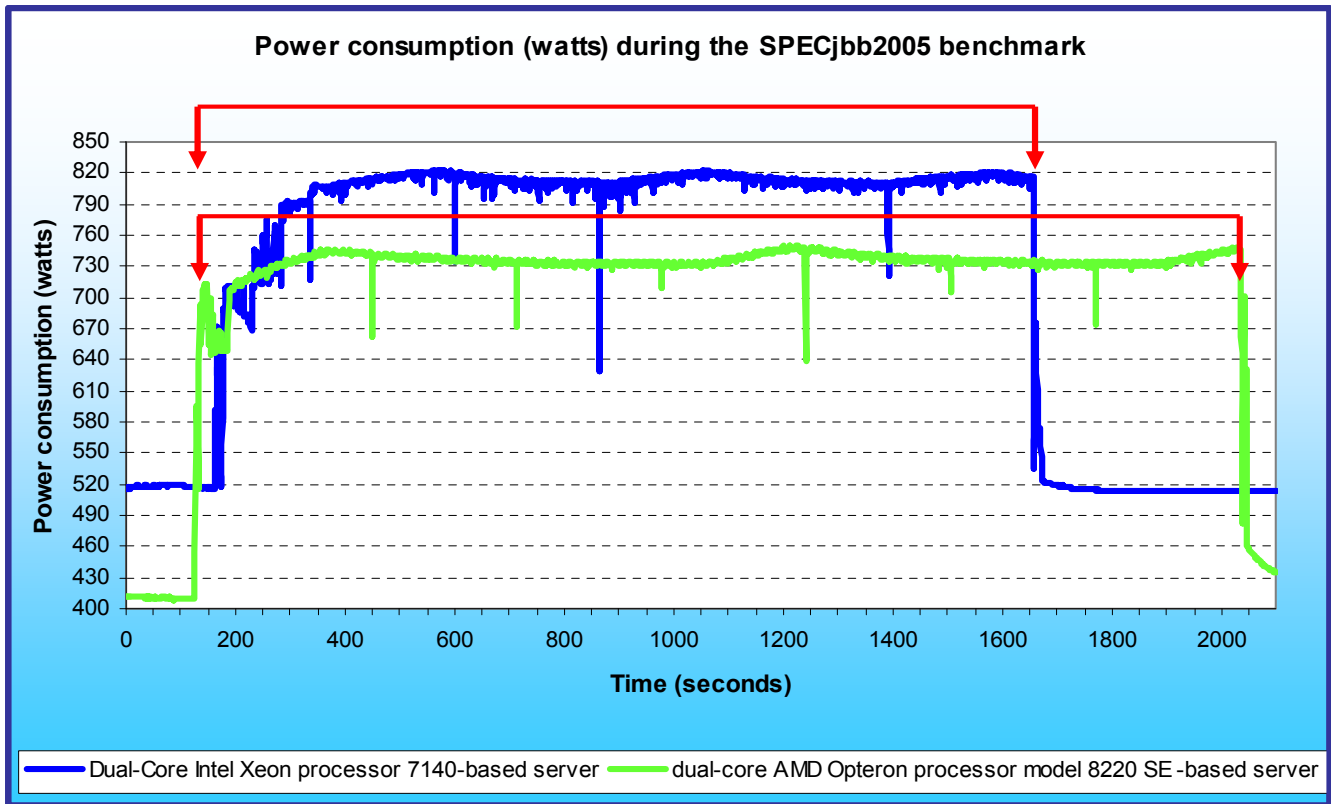


Figure 3: Power consumption (in watts) of each of the servers throughout the course of executing the SPECjbb2005 benchmark. Lower power consumption is better.

## Test results

Figure 4 shows the median SPECjbb2005 results for both servers. In each test, we ran four JVMs at the same time, a common practice on servers with many processors. To compute the overall score for the system, SPECjbb2005 sums the scores of all the JVMs. SPECjbb2005 computes the score of each JVM by taking the average of the results during mixes when the server is running at peak performance. In our testing, all servers achieved peak performance during mixes 4 through 8. (In SPEC's terms, these results are from "compliant" runs, which means we can disclose them publicly though we are not posting them on the SPEC Web site with all the files SPEC requires. We do present here all the data necessary to reproduce these results.)

Operations per second		
	Dual-core AMD Opteron processor model 8220 SE-based server	Dual-Core Intel Xeon processor 7140M-based server
JVM 1	28,145	44,024
JVM 2	30,363	44,336
JVM 3	31,470	44,385
JVM 4	31,313	44,292
<b>Total Score</b>	<b>121,291</b>	<b>177,037</b>

Figure 4: SPECjbb2005 results for each server by JVM. Higher numbers are better.

Figure 5 shows the results by warehouse for the dual-core AMD Opteron processor model 8220 SE-based server for all three runs. Run 2 produced the median results.

<b>Dual-core AMD Opteron processor model 8220 SE-based server</b>			
	<b>Run 1</b>	<b>Run 2</b>	<b>Run 3</b>
<b>Warehouse</b>	<b>JVM 1</b>		
1	13,434	14,076	14,022
2	28,388	29,011	29,143
3	27,137	28,038	28,191
4	26,922	27,386	28,168
5	27,218	27,433	28,684
6	27,357	26,901	27,995
7	26,802	26,367	27,852
8	26,803	27,386	28,134
<b>Score</b>	<b>27,482</b>	<b>28,145</b>	<b>28,501</b>
<b>Warehouse</b>	<b>JVM 2</b>		
1	14,236	14,341	14,786
2	30,190	30,358	30,674
3	30,242	30,432	30,709
4	30,263	30,300	30,754
5	30,070	30,261	30,542
6	29,844	29,909	29,919
7	29,711	29,676	29,961
8	29,587	29,779	29,785
<b>Score</b>	<b>30,231</b>	<b>30,363</b>	<b>30,713</b>
<b>Warehouse</b>	<b>JVM 3</b>		
1	14,415	14,418	14,596
2	31,270	31,486	31,581
3	31,950	31,604	31,649
4	31,535	31,319	31,723
5	31,180	30,934	31,522
6	30,810	30,670	31,047
7	30,759	30,606	31,072
8	30,683	30,497	30,976
<b>Score</b>	<b>31,585</b>	<b>31,470</b>	<b>31,651</b>
<b>Warehouse</b>	<b>JVM 4</b>		
1	14,595	14,617	14,468
2	31,191	31,162	31,319
3	31,482	31,407	31,725
4	31,365	31,370	31,174
5	31,115	31,046	31,112
6	30,868	30,947	30,910
7	30,675	30,651	30,725
8	30,645	30,568	30,639
<b>Score</b>	<b>31,346</b>	<b>31,313</b>	<b>31,406</b>
<b>Total Score</b>	<b>120,644</b>	<b>121,291</b>	<b>122,271</b>

Figure 5: SPECjbb2005 results for the dual-core AMD Opteron processor model 8220 SE-based server. Higher numbers are better.

Figure 6 shows the results by warehouse for the Dual-Core Intel Xeon processor 7140M-based server for all three runs. Run 3 produced the median results.

Dual-Core Intel Xeon processor 7140M-based server			
	Run 1	Run 2	Run 3
Warehouse	JVM 1		
1	15,229	15,379	14,923
2	32,738	32,960	32,417
3	39,085	39,610	38,849
4	44,304	44,832	44,546
5	44,175	44,741	44,375
6	43,698	44,586	43,902
7	43,576	44,375	43,936
8	43,214	43,963	43,363
<b>Score</b>	<b>43,793</b>	<b>44,500</b>	<b>44,024</b>
Warehouse	JVM 2		
1	9,915	9,669	9,596
2	25,183	24,900	25,553
3	38,533	38,994	38,428
4	44,560	44,951	44,641
5	44,575	45,246	44,792
6	44,134	44,584	44,365
7	44,094	44,514	44,108
8	43,540	43,986	43,772
<b>Score</b>	<b>44,181</b>	<b>44,656</b>	<b>44,336</b>
Warehouse	JVM 3		
1	9,809	9,606	10,006
2	26,215	24,571	26,577
3	38,302	38,611	37,908
4	44,785	44,634	44,691
5	44,878	44,534	44,663
6	44,244	44,195	44,342
7	44,319	44,089	44,370
8	43,737	43,565	43,860
<b>Score</b>	<b>44,392</b>	<b>44,203</b>	<b>44,385</b>
Warehouse	JVM 4		
1	10,112	10,003	9,664
2	25,995	27,989	25,582
3	38,911	38,658	38,536
4	44,786	44,166	44,747
5	44,937	44,121	44,850
6	44,295	43,889	44,051
7	44,249	43,648	44,179
8	43,624	43,295	44,179
<b>Score</b>	<b>44,378</b>	<b>43,824</b>	<b>44,292</b>
<b>Total Score</b>	<b>176,744</b>	<b>177,183</b>	<b>177,037</b>

Figure 6: SPECjbb2005 results for the Dual-Core Xeon processor 7140M-based server. Higher numbers are better.

Figure 7 details the power consumption, in watts, of the test servers while idle and during the median peak runs of the benchmark.

Server	Idle power (watts)	Average power (watts)
Dual-core AMD Opteron processor model 8220 SE-based	411.2	732.4
Dual-Core Intel Xeon processor 7140M-based server	518.2	800.6

Figure 7: Average power usage (in watts) of the test servers during the median peak runs of SPECjbb2005. Lower numbers are better.

## Test methodology

Figure 8 summarizes some key aspects of the configurations of the server systems; Appendix A provides detailed configuration information.

Server	Dual-core AMD Opteron processor model 8220 SE-based server	Dual-Core Intel Xeon processor 7140M-based server
Processor frequency (GHz)	2.8 GHz	3.4 GHz
Single/Dual-Core processors	Dual	Dual
Motherboard	IBM Server System x3755	Intel SR4850HW4x Server
Chipset	IBM HT1000 Legacy / AMD	Intel E8501 Chipset
RAM (32GB in each)	8 x 4GB PC2-5300 running at 667MHz	8 x 4GB PC2-5300 running at 400MHz
Hard disk	1 x Maxtor 8J073S0 10K RPM 73.5 GB 16MB buffer	1 x Seagate ST3146854LC 15K RPM 146.8 GB 8MB buffer

Figure 8: Summary of some key aspects of the server configurations.

Intel configured and provided both servers.

The difference in RAM speeds reflects the capabilities of the Front Side Bus (FSB) of the two systems and their current configurations. The Dual-Core Intel Xeon processor 7140M has a FSB of 800 MHz. The dual-core AMD Opteron processor model 8220 SE has a FSB of 2000 MHz HyperTransport Technology.

To make the best possible comparison we used the same physical memory in both systems. The speed of the memory dropped when installed in the system to correspond to the processor's FSB speed.

The hard disks differed, but hard disk performance typically plays at most a small role in SPECjbb2005 performance, so this configuration difference was unlikely to affect results.

We began by installing a fresh copy of Microsoft Windows 2003 Server, x64 Enterprise Edition Service Pack 1 on each server. We followed this process for each installation:

1. Assign a computer name of "Server".
2. For the licensing mode, use the default setting of five concurrent connections.
3. Enter a password for the administrator log on.
4. Select Eastern Time Zone.
5. Use typical settings for the Network installation.
6. Use "Testbed" for the workgroup.

We applied the following updates from the Microsoft Windows Update site:

- Windows Server 2003 Security Update for Windows Media Player 6.4 (KB925398)
- Windows Server 2003 Security Update for Windows Server 2003 x64 Edition (KB923689)
- Windows Server 2003 Cumulative Security Update for Outlook Express for Windows Server 2003 x64 Edition (KB923694)

- Windows Server 2003 Cumulative Security Update for Internet Explorer for Windows Server 2003 x64 Edition (KB925454)
- Windows Server 2003 Update for Windows Server 2003 x64 Edition (KB911897)
- Windows Server 2003 Windows Internet Explorer 7.0 for Windows Server 2003 (x64) and Windows XP 64-bit Edition Version 2003
- Windows Server 2003 Security Update for Windows Server 2003 x64 Edition (KB920213)
- Windows Server 2003 Security Update for Windows Server 2003 x64 Edition (KB922819)
- Windows Server 2003 Security Update for Windows Server 2003 x64 Edition (KB924191)
- Windows Server 2003 Security Update for Windows Server 2003 x64 Edition (KB923191)
- Windows Server 2003 Security Update for Windows Server 2003 x64 Edition (KB924496)
- Windows Server 2003 Security Update for Windows Server 2003 x64 Edition (KB923414)
- Windows Server 2003 Security Update for Windows Server 2003 x64 Edition (KB925486)
- Windows Server 2003 Security Update for Windows Server 2003 x64 Edition (KB920685)
- Windows Server 2003 Security Update for Windows Server 2003 x64 Edition (KB921883)
- Windows Server 2003 Update for Windows Server 2003 x64 Edition (KB922582)
- Windows Server 2003 Security Update for Windows Server 2003 x64 Edition (KB921398)
- Windows Server 2003 Security Update for Windows Server 2003 x64 Edition (KB917422)
- Windows Server 2003 Security Update for Windows Server 2003 x64 Edition (KB922616)
- Windows Server 2003 Security Update for Windows Server 2003 x64 Edition (KB920683)
- Windows Server 2003 Security Update for Windows Server 2003 x64 Edition (KB920670)
- Windows Server 2003 Security Update for Windows Server 2003 x64 Edition (KB914388)
- Windows Server 2003 Security Update for Windows Server 2003 x64 Edition (KB911280)
- Windows Server 2003 Security Update for Windows Server 2003 x64 Edition (KB917953)
- Windows Server 2003 Security Update for Windows Server 2003 x64 Edition (KB918439)
- Windows Server 2003 Security Update for Windows Server 2003 x64 Edition (KB917344)
- Windows Server 2003 Update for Windows Server 2003 x64 Edition (KB914784)
- Windows Server 2003 Security Update for Windows Server 2003 x64 Edition (KB914389)
- Windows Server 2003 Security Update for Windows Server 2003 x64 Edition (KB917734)
- Windows Server 2003 Security Update for Windows Server 2003 x64 Edition (KB911562)
- Windows Server 2003 Security Update for Windows Media Player Plug-in (KB911564)
- Windows Server 2003 Security Update for Windows Server 2003 x64 Edition (KB911927)
- Windows Server 2003 Security Update for Windows Server 2003 x64 Edition (KB908519)
- Windows Server 2003 Security Update for Windows Server 2003 x64 Edition (KB912919)
- Windows Server 2003 Update for Windows Server 2003 x64 Edition (KB910437)
- Windows Server 2003 Security Update for Windows Server 2003 x64 Edition (KB896424)
- Windows Server 2003 Security Update for Windows Server 2003 x64 Edition (KB900725)
- Windows Server 2003 Security Update for Windows Server 2003 x64 Edition (KB902400)
- Windows Server 2003 Security Update for Windows Server 2003 x64 Edition (KB904706)
- Windows Server 2003 Security Update for Windows Server 2003 x64 Edition (KB901017)
- Windows Server 2003 Security Update for Windows Server 2003 x64 Edition (KB899587)
- Windows Server 2003 Security Update for Windows Server 2003 x64 Edition (KB899591)
- Windows Server 2003 Security Update for Windows Server 2003 x64 Edition (KB893756)
- Windows Server 2003 Security Update for Windows Server 2003 x64 Edition (KB899588)
- Windows Server 2003 Security Update for Windows Server 2003 x64 Edition (KB901214)
- Windows Server 2003 Security Update for Windows Server 2003 x64 Edition (KB896358)
- Windows Server 2003 Security Update for Windows Server 2003 x64 Edition (KB896428)
- Windows Server 2003 Update for Windows Server 2003 x64 Edition (KB898715)

To improve Java performance, we enabled large pages in memory on all servers. To enable this service, the administrator must first assign additional privileges to the user who will be running the application. We assigned this privilege only to the administrator, because we used that account for our tests. To enable large pages, we did the following:

- Select Control Panel→Administrative Tools→Local Security Policy.
- Select Local Policies→User Rights Assignment.
- Select “Lock pages in memory”, add users and/or groups.

## Power measurement procedure

To record each server’s power consumption during each test, we used an Extech Instruments ([www.extech.com](http://www.extech.com)) 380803 Power Analyzer / Datalogger. We connected the power cord from the server under test to the Power Analyzer’s output load power outlet. We then plugged the power cord from the Power Analyzer’s input voltage connection into a power outlet.

We used the Power Analyzer’s Data Acquisition Software (version 2.11) to capture all recordings. We installed the software on a separate Intel–processor-based PC, which we connected to the Power Analyzer via an RS-232 cable. We captured power consumption at one-second intervals.

To gauge the idle power usage, we recorded the power usage for two minutes while each server was running the operating system but otherwise idle.

We then recorded the power usage (in watts) for each server during the testing at one-second intervals. To compute the average power usage, we averaged the power usage during the time the server was running the benchmark. We call this time the power measurement interval. See Figures 3 (power consumption over time) and 7 (idle and average peak power) for the results of these measurements.

## SPECjbb2005 configuration

We used SPECjbb2005 version 1.07, dated March 15, 2006. We followed SPEC’s run rules. (For more information about SPECjbb2005 and its run rules, see [www.spec.org/jbb2005/docs/RunRules.html](http://www.spec.org/jbb2005/docs/RunRules.html).) We installed SPECjbb2005 by copying the contents of the SPECjbb2005 CD to the directory C:\Documents and Setting\Administrator\SPECjbb2005v1.07 on the server’s hard disk.

SPECjbb2005 requires a Java Virtual Machine (JVM) on the system under test. We used the BEA JRockit 5.0 (P26.4.1 build P26.4.1-5-64782-1.5.0\_06-20060726-0014-win-x86\_64 JDK for Microsoft Windows) JVM for this testing and left the default installation settings.

After installation, as per the run rules we edited the SPECjbb\_config.props file in the root SPECjbb2005 directory to include disclosure information about the server and our license information. SPECjbb2005 uses this file when generating the results output for each run. We also modified the SPECjbb.props file to change the number of JVM instances to four. This change allows a server to run four JVM instances during testing.

We created a batch file for each system, which we placed in the root SPECjbb2005 directory, to issue the Java run command to launch the benchmark. During testing, we used the command prompt window within Microsoft Windows Server 2003 x64 Edition to run this batch file. Figure 9 shows the contents of the dual-core AMD Opteron processor model 8220 SE-based server batch file.



```

runit-affinity-ibm.bat
File Edit Format View Help
@echo off
set path="C:\Program Files\Java\jrockit-jdk1.5.0_06-P26.4.1\bin";%path%

set JVM=4
:: Set JAVA_HOME to Java.exe path.
set JAVA_HOME="C:\Program Files\Java\jrockit-jdk1.5.0_06-P26.4.1\bin"

:stage1
set PROFFILE=SPECjbb.props
set JAVAOPTIONS= -xms256m -mx256m
rem set JBBJARS=.\\jbb.jar;.\check.jar
set JBBJARS=.\\jbb.jar;.\jbb_no_precompile.jar;.\check.jar;.\reporter.jar

set CLASSPATH=%JBBJARS%;%CLASSPATH%

:stage2

echo Using CLASSPATH entries:
for %%c in ( %CLASSPATH% ) do echo %%c
@echo on
start /b C:\PROGRA~1\Java\jrockit-jdk1.5.0_06-P26.4.1\bin\java.exe %JAVAOPTIONS% spec.jbb.Controller -propfile %PROFFILE%
@echo off

set I=1
set J=3
echo.
echo Starting JVM Number %I% with Affinity to CPU %J%
echo.
@echo on
start /AFFINITY %J% /B C:\PROGRA~1\Java\jrockit-jdk1.5.0_06-P26.4.1\bin\java.exe -xms3700m -mx3700m -xxaggressive -xthroughputCompaction
-xxallocPrefetch -xxallocRedoPrefetch -xxcompressedRefs -xxlazyunlocking -xtlasize128k spec.jbb.JBBmain -propfile %PROFFILE% -id %I% >
multi.%I%
@echo off

set I=2
set J=C
echo.
echo Starting JVM Number %I% with Affinity to CPU %J%
echo.
@echo on
start /AFFINITY %J% /B C:\PROGRA~1\Java\jrockit-jdk1.5.0_06-P26.4.1\bin\java.exe -xms3700m -mx3700m -xxaggressive -xthroughputCompaction
-xxallocPrefetch -xxallocRedoPrefetch -xxcompressedRefs -xxlazyunlocking -xtlasize128k spec.jbb.JBBmain -propfile %PROFFILE% -id %I% >
multi.%I%
@echo off

set I=3
set J=30
echo.
echo Starting JVM Number %I% with Affinity to CPU %J%
echo.
@echo on
start /AFFINITY %J% /B C:\PROGRA~1\Java\jrockit-jdk1.5.0_06-P26.4.1\bin\java.exe -xms3700m -mx3700m -xxaggressive -xthroughputCompaction
-xxallocPrefetch -xxallocRedoPrefetch -xxcompressedRefs -xxlazyunlocking -xtlasize128k spec.jbb.JBBmain -propfile %PROFFILE% -id %I% >
multi.%I%
@echo off

set I=4
set J=C0
echo.
echo Starting JVM Number %I% with Affinity to CPU %J%
echo.
@echo on
start /AFFINITY %J% /B C:\PROGRA~1\Java\jrockit-jdk1.5.0_06-P26.4.1\bin\java.exe -xms3700m -mx3700m -xxaggressive -xthroughputCompaction
-xxallocPrefetch -xxallocRedoPrefetch -xxcompressedRefs -xxlazyunlocking -xtlasize128k spec.jbb.JBBmain -propfile %PROFFILE% -id %I% >
multi.%I%
@echo off

:END
:egress

```

**Figure 9: The text of the batch file we used to execute the SPECjbb2005 benchmark on the dual-core AMD Opteron processor model 8220 SE-based server.**

Due to differences in the number of available execution units in the systems, we had to use a different batch file for each server to set processor affinity. Setting processor affinity maps an active process to an assigned execution unit. The dual-core AMD Opteron processor model 8220 SE-based server has 4 physical processors with 2 cores per processor, or 8 total execution units. The Dual-Core Intel Xeon processor 7140M-based server has 4 physical processors with 2 cores per processor and Hyper-Threading Technology (HT Technology) in each core, or 16 available execution units. Figure 10 shows the contents of the Dual-Core Intel Xeon processor 7140M-based server batch file.

```
run.bat - Notepad
File Edit Format View Help
@echo off
set path="C:\Program Files\Java\jrockit-jdk1.5.0_06-P26.4.1\bin";%path%

set JVM=4
:: Set JAVA_HOME to Java.exe path.
set JAVA_HOME="C:\Program Files\Java\jrockit-jdk1.5.0_06-P26.4.1\bin"

:stage1
set PROFILE=SPECjbb.props
set JAVAOPTIONS=-xms256m -mx256m
rem set JBBJARS=.\jbb.jar;.\check.jar
set JBBJARS=.\jbb.jar;.\jbb_no_precompile.jar;.\check.jar;.\reporter.jar

set CLASSPATH=%JBBJARS%;%CLASSPATH%

:stage2

echo Using CLASSPATH entries:
for %%c in ( %CLASSPATH% ) do echo %%c
@echo on
start /b C:\PROGRA~1\Java\jrockit-jdk1.5.0_06-P26.4.1\bin\java.exe %JAVAOPTIONS% spec.jbb.Controller -profile %PROFILE%
@echo off
set I=0
set J=F
:LOOP
set /a I=%I + 1
echo.
echo Starting JVM Number %I% with Affinity to CPU %J%
echo.

@echo on
start /AFFINITY %J% /B C:\PROGRA~1\Java\jrockit-jdk1.5.0_06-P26.4.1\bin\java.exe -xms3700m -mx3700m -XXaggressive
-XXthroughputCompaction -XXallocPrefetch -XXallocRedoPrefetch -XXcompressedRefs -XXlazyUnlocking -XXtlasize128k spec.jbb.JBBmain
-profile %PROFILE% -id %I% > multi.%I%
@echo off
set J=%J%0
IF %I% == %JVM% GOTO END
GOTO LOOP
:END

:egress
```

Figure 10: The text of the batch file we used to execute the SPECjbb2005 benchmark on the Dual-Core Intel Xeon processor 7140M-based server.

In both batch files we set the same Java options to control the performance of the JVM. Intel specified the following Java option settings:

- *-Xms3700m* This option sets the minimum heap size. We set the minimum and maximum heap sizes to be the same, so the heap size would stay a constant 3700MB.
- *-Xmx3700m* This option sets the maximum heap size.
- *-XXaggressive* This option basically tells the JVM to perform at maximum speed.
- *-XXthroughputCompaction* This option adjusts the compaction ratio dynamically based on live data in the heap.
- *-XXallocPrefetch* This option tells the JVM to prefetch a chunk of data when it uses a related, earlier bit of data.
- *-XXallocRedoPrefetch* This option also affects JVM prefetch behavior.
- *-XXcompressedRefs* This option turns on compressed references.
- *-XXlazyUnlocking* This option affects when the JVM releases locks.
- *-XXtlasize128k* This option sets the thread-local area size the JVM uses.

## Appendix A – Test server configuration information

This appendix provides detailed configuration information about each of the test server systems, which we list in alphabetical order.

System	Dual-core AMD Opteron processor model 8220 SE-based server	Dual-Core Intel Xeon processor 7140M-based server
<b>System configuration information</b>		
<b>General</b>		
Processor and OS kernel: (physical, core, logical)	4P8C8L	4P8C16L
Number of physical processors	4	4
Single/Dual-Core processors	Dual	Dual
System Power Management Policy	Always On	Always On
<b>CPU</b>		
Vendor	AMD	Intel
Name	dual-core AMD Opteron processor model 8220 SE	Dual-Core Intel Xeon processor 7140M
Stepping	2	8
Socket type	F	LGA 771
Core frequency (GHz)	2.8 GHz	3.4 GHz
Front-side bus frequency (MHz)	2000 MHz HyperTransport Technology	800 MHz
L1 Cache	64 KB + 64 KB (per core)	12 KB + 16 KB (per core)
L2 Cache	1 MB (per core)	1 MB (per core)
L3 Cache	None	16MB
<b>Platform</b>		
Vendor and model number	Dual-core AMD Opteron processor model 8220 SE-based server	Dual-Core Intel Xeon processor 7140M-based server
Motherboard model number	IBM Server System x3755	Intel SR4850HW4x Server
Motherboard chipset	IBM HT1000 Legacy / AMD	Intel E8501 Chipset
Motherboard revision number	1.01	11
Motherboard serial number	11S42C9489YK10A469C05Z	QSHM61700171
BIOS name and version	IBM ZYE123AUS-1.01, 08/15/2006	Intel Corporation SHW40.86B.P.09.00.0060, 07/06/2006
BIOS settings	Default	Default
Chipset INF driver	NA	Microsoft Version 5.2.3790.1830
<b>Memory module(s)</b>		
Vendor and model number	Samsung M393T5166AZA-CE6	Samsung M393T5166AZA-CE6
Type	PC2-5300	PC2-5300
Speed (MHz)	667	667
Speed in the system currently running @ (MHz)	667	400
Timing/Latency (tCL-tRCD-tRP-tRASmin)	5-5-5-13	3-3-3-8
Size	32768 MB	32768 MB
Number of RAM modules	8	8
Chip organization	Double-sided	Double-sided
<b>Hard disk</b>		

Vendor and model number	Maxtor 8J073S0	Seagate ST3146854LC
Number of disks in system	1	1
Size	73.5 GB	146.8 GB
Buffer Size	16 MB	8 MB
RPM	10,000	15,000
Type	SAS	SCSI
Controller	IBM ServeRAID 8k/8k-I SCSI	LSI Logic PCI-X Ultra320 SCSI
Controller Driver	Adaptec 5.1.0.9206	Microsoft 5.2.3790.1830 (LSI Logic)
<b>Operating system</b>		
Name	Microsoft Windows Server 2003 R2 Enterprise x64 Edition	Microsoft Windows Server 2003 R2 Enterprise x64 Edition
Build number	3790	3790
Service Pack	SP1	SP1
Microsoft Windows update date	12/28/2006	12/28/2006
File system	NTFS	NTFS
Kernel	ACPI Multiprocessor x64-based PC	ACPI Multiprocessor x64-based PC
Language	English	English
Microsoft DirectX version	DirectX 9.0c	DirectX 9.0c
<b>Graphics</b>		
Vendor and model number	ATI ES1000	ATI Radeon 7000
Chipset	ATI ES1000	ATI Radeon 7000 PCI
BIOS version	BK-ATI VER008.005.028.000	BK-ATI VER008.004.037.001
Type	Integrated	Integrated
Memory size	16 MB	16 MB
Resolution	1024 x 768	1024 x 768
Driver	ATI 8.19.4.0	ATI 6.14.10.6508
<b>Network card/subsystem</b>		
Vendor and model number	Broadcom dual BCM5708C NetXtreme GigE	Broadcom dual NetXtreme Gigabit
Type	Integrated	Integrated
Driver	Broadcom 2.6.14.0	Microsoft 7.98.0.0
<b>Optical drive</b>		
Vendor and model number	Matshita UJDA770	Philips SDR089
Type	DVD-ROM / CD-RW	DVD-ROM
Interface	IDE	Internal
<b>USB ports</b>		
Number	3 (2 front, 1 back)	5 (3 front, 2 back)
Type	USB 2.0	USB 2.0
<b>Power-supply</b>		
Number of power supplies	2 x Delta Electronics DPS-1400AB A	2 x LITEON PS-2142-1D1
Rating of each	1400 W	1470 W
Number of case fans	6	4

Figure 11: Detailed configuration information for the test servers.

## Appendix B – SPECjbb2005 output

This appendix provides the output of the benchmark for each of the test servers.

Dual-core AMD Opteron processor model 8220 SE-based server

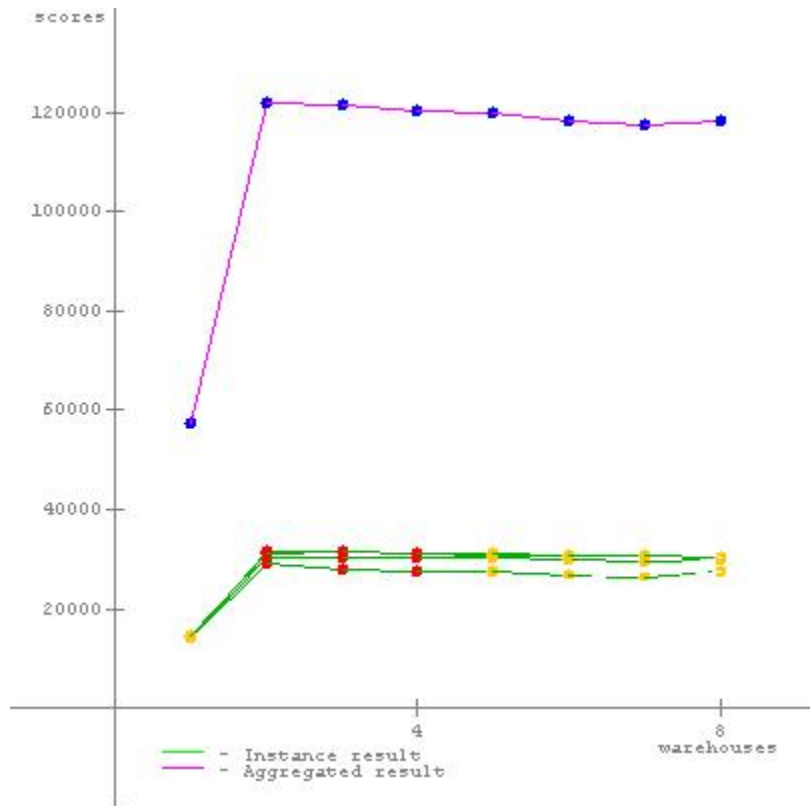
SPECjbb2005

**SPECjbb2005 bops = 121291,  
SPECjbb2005 bops/JVM = 30323**

IBM x3755 Server

BEA JRockit(R) 5.0 P26.4.1 (build P26.4.1-5-64782-1.5.0\_06-20060726-0014-win-x86\_64,)

JVM run	JVM Scores
1	28145
2	30363
3	31470
4	31313
<b>SPECjbb2005 bops = 121291, SPECjbb2005 bops/JVM = 30323</b>	



Hardware	
Hardware Vendor	IBM
Vendor URL	<a href="http://www.ibm.com">http://www.ibm.com</a>
Model	IBM x3755 Server
Processor	dual-core AMD Opteron processor model 8220 SE
MHz	2800
# of Chips	4
# of Cores	8
# of Cores/Chip	2

Software	
Software Vendor	BEA
Vendor URL	<a href="http://www.bea.com">http://www.bea.com</a>
JVM Version	JRockit(R) 5.0 P26.4.1 (build P26.4.1-5-64782-1.5.0_06-20060726-0014-win-x86_64,)
JVM Command Line	start /AFFINITY %J% /B java -Xms3700m -Xmx3700m -XXaggressive -XXthroughputCompaction -XXallocPrefetch -XXallocRedoPrefetch -XXcompressedRefs -XXlazyUnlocking -XXtlasize128k spec.jbb.JBBmain -profile SPECjbb.props

<b>HW Threading Enabled?</b>	No
<b>Procs Avail to Java</b>	8
<b>Memory (MB)</b>	32768
<b>Memory Details</b>	8 x 4GB DDR2-5300
<b>Primary cache</b>	64 KB+64 KB
<b>Secondary cache</b>	1 MB
<b>Other cache</b>	
<b>Filesystem</b>	NTFS
<b>Disks</b>	1 x 73.5GB SAS 10krpm
<b>Other hardware</b>	none

<b>JVM Initial Heap Memory (MB)</b>	3700
<b>JVM Maximum Heap Memory (MB)</b>	3700
<b>JVM Address bits</b>	64
<b>JVM CLASSPATH</b>	.\jbb.jar; .\jbb_no_precompile.jar; .\check.jar; .\reporter.jar;
<b>JVM BOOTCLASSPATH</b>	C:\PROGRA~1\Java\jrockit-jdk1.5.0_06-P26.4.1\jre\bin\jrockit\jrockit.jar; C:\PROGRA~1\Java\jrockit-jdk1.5.0_06-P26.4.1\jre\bin\jrockit\managementapi.jar; C:\PROGRA~1\Java\jrockit-jdk1.5.0_06-P26.4.1\jre\lib\managementapi.jar; C:\PROGRA~1\Java\jrockit-jdk1.5.0_06-P26.4.1\jre\lib\rt.jar; C:\PROGRA~1\Java\jrockit-jdk1.5.0_06-P26.4.1\jre\lib\i18n.jar; C:\PROGRA~1\Java\jrockit-jdk1.5.0_06-P26.4.1\jre\lib\sunrsasign.jar; C:\PROGRA~1\Java\jrockit-jdk1.5.0_06-P26.4.1\jre\lib\jsse.jar; C:\PROGRA~1\Java\jrockit-jdk1.5.0_06-P26.4.1\jre\lib\jce.jar; C:\PROGRA~1\Java\jrockit-jdk1.5.0_06-P26.4.1\jre\lib\charsets.jar; C:\PROGRA~1\Java\jrockit-jdk1.5.0_06-P26.4.1\jre\classes
<b>OS Version</b>	Microsoft Server 2003 R2 Enterprise x64 Edition, Service Pack 1
<b>Other software</b>	None

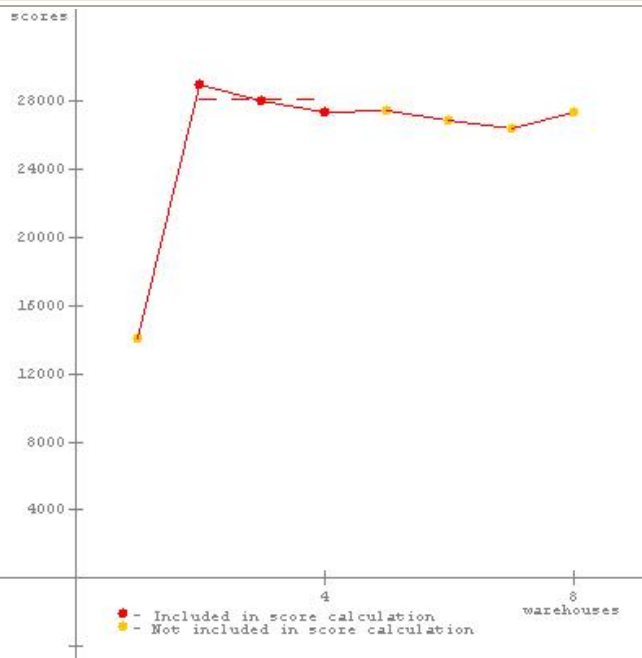
<b>Test Information</b>	
<b>Tested by</b>	Principled Technologies, Inc.
<b>SPEC license #</b>	3184
<b>Test location</b>	Durham, NC
<b>Test date</b>	Jan 2, 2007
<b>H/w available</b>	Aug-2006
<b>JVM available</b>	Nov-2006
<b>OS available</b>	Dec-2005
<b>Other s/w available</b>	none

<b>AOT Compilation</b>
<b>Tuning</b>
"lock pages in memory" was enabled for the user running the benchmark. Each JVM instance was bound to a single CPU node
<b>Notes</b>

## JVM 1 Scores:

No errors. Valid run.

Warehouses	SPECjbb2005 bops	Incl. in metric
1	14076	
2	29011	*
3	28038	*
4	27386	*
5	27433	
6	26901	
7	26367	
8	27386	
<b>SPECjbb2005</b>	<b>(from 2 to 4)</b>	<b>28145 SPECjbb2005 bops</b>



SPEC license # 3184

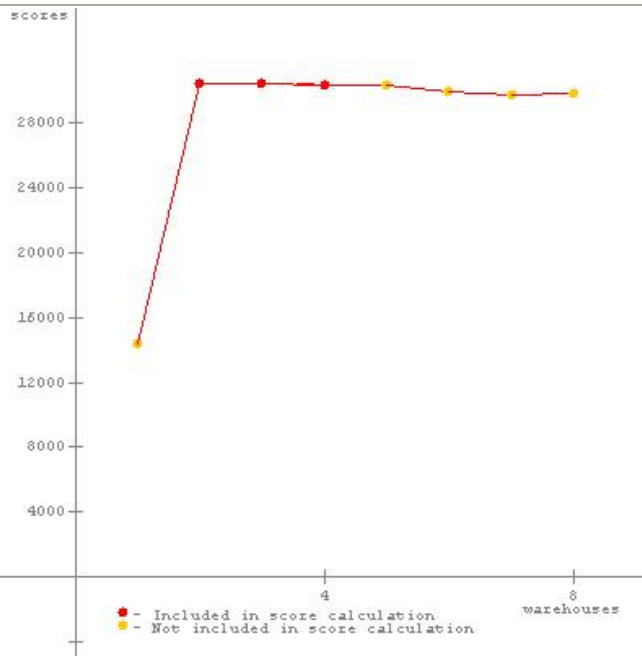
Tested by: Principled Technologies, Inc.

Test date: Jan 2, 2007

## JVM 2 Scores:

No errors. Valid run.

Warehouses	SPECjbb2005 bops	Incl. in metric
1	14341	
2	30358	*
3	30432	*
4	30300	*
5	30261	
6	29909	
7	29676	
8	29779	
<b>SPECjbb2005</b>	<b>(from 2 to 4)</b>	<b>30363 SPECjbb2005 bops</b>



SPEC license # 3184

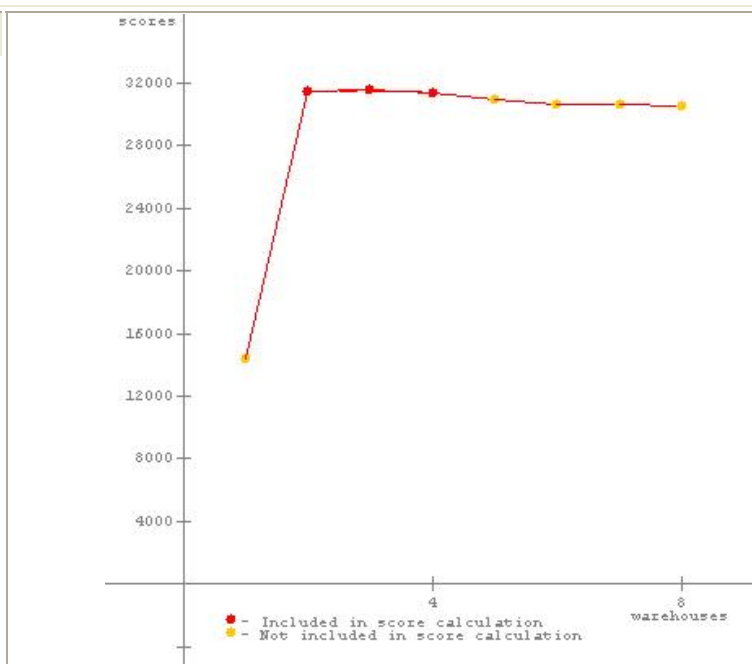
Tested by: Principled Technologies, Inc.

Test date: Jan 2, 2007

## JVM 3 Scores:

No errors. Valid run.

Warehouses	SPECjbb2005 bops	Incl. in metric
1	14418	
2	31486	*
3	31604	*
4	31319	*
5	30934	
6	30670	
7	30606	
8	30497	
<b>SPECjbb2005</b>	<b>(from 2 to 4)</b>	<b>31470 SPECjbb2005 bops</b>



SPEC license # 3184

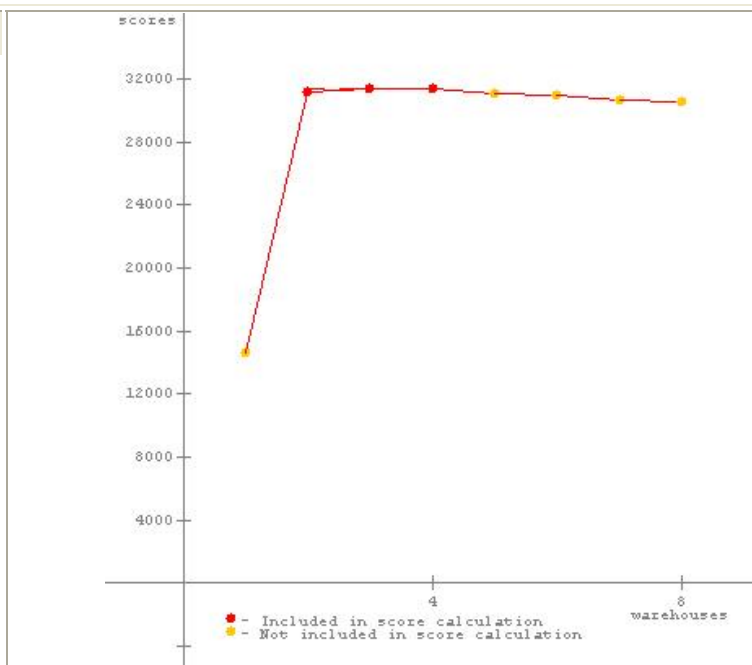
Tested by: Principled Technologies, Inc.

Test date: Jan 2, 2007

## JVM 4 Scores:

No errors. Valid run.

Warehouses	SPECjbb2005 bops	Incl. in metric
1	14617	
2	31162	*
3	31407	*
4	31370	*
5	31046	
6	30947	
7	30651	
8	30568	
<b>SPECjbb2005</b>	<b>(from 2 to 4)</b>	<b>31313 SPECjbb2005 bops</b>





SPECjbb2005 Version: [SPECjbb2005 1.07, March 15, 2006]  
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Dual-Core Intel Xeon processor 7140M-based server

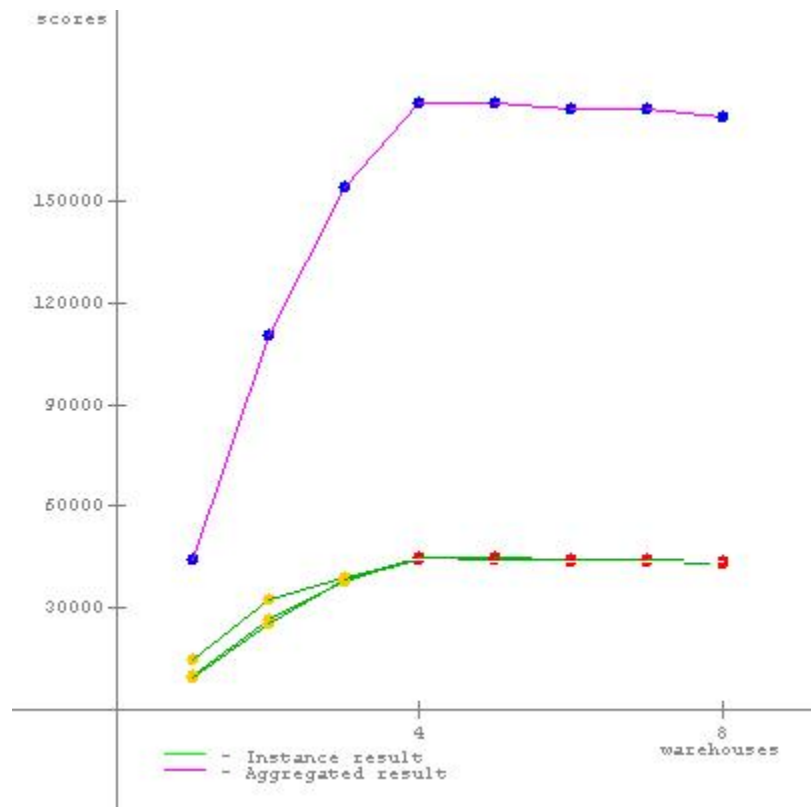
SPECjbb2005

**SPECjbb2005 bops = 177037,  
 SPECjbb2005 bops/JVM = 44259**

Intel Intel SR4850HW4x Server

BEA JRockit(R) 5.0 P26.4.1 (build P26.4.1-5-64782-1.5.0\_06-20060726-0014-win-x86\_64,)

JVM run	JVM Scores
1	44024
2	44336
3	44385
4	44292
<b>SPECjbb2005 bops = 177037,                  SPECjbb2005 bops/JVM = 44259</b>	



Hardware	
Hardware Vendor	Intel
Vendor URL	<a href="http://www.intel.com">http://www.intel.com</a>
Model	Intel SR4850HW4x Server
Processor	Dual-Core Intel Xeon processor 7140M
MHz	3400
# of Chips	4

Software	
Software Vendor	BEA
Vendor URL	<a href="http://www.bea.com">http://www.bea.com</a>
JVM Version	JRockit(R) 5.0 P26.4.1 (build P26.4.1-5-64782-1.5.0_06-20060726-0014-win-x86_64,)
JVM Command Line	start /AFFINITY %J% /B java -Xms3700m -Xmx3700m -XXaggressive -XXthroughputCompaction -XXallocPrefetch -XXallocRedoPrefetch -

<b># of Cores</b>	8
<b># of Cores/Chip</b>	2
<b>HW Threading Enabled?</b>	Yes
<b>Procs Avail to Java</b>	16
<b>Memory (MB)</b>	32768
<b>Memory Details</b>	8 x 4GB DDR2-5300
<b>Primary cache</b>	12 KB+16 KB
<b>Secondary cache</b>	1 MB
<b>Other cache</b>	16 MB
<b>Filesystem</b>	NTFS
<b>Disks</b>	1 x 146.8GB SCSI 15krpm
<b>Other hardware</b>	none

	XXcompressedRefs -XXlazyUnlocking -XXtlasize128k spec.jbb.JBBmain -propfile SPECjbb.props
<b>JVM Initial Heap Memory (MB)</b>	3700
<b>JVM Maximum Heap Memory (MB)</b>	3700
<b>JVM Address bits</b>	64
<b>JVM CLASSPATH</b>	.\jbb.jar; .\jbb_no_precompile.jar; .\check.jar; .\reporter.jar;
<b>JVM BOOTCLASSPATH</b>	C:\PROGRA~1\Java\jrockit-jdk1.5.0_06-P26.4.1\jre\bin\jrockit\jrockit.jar; C:\PROGRA~1\Java\jrockit-jdk1.5.0_06-P26.4.1\jre\bin\jrockit\managementapi.jar; C:\PROGRA~1\Java\jrockit-jdk1.5.0_06-P26.4.1\jre\lib\managementapi.jar; C:\PROGRA~1\Java\jrockit-jdk1.5.0_06-P26.4.1\jre\lib\rt.jar; C:\PROGRA~1\Java\jrockit-jdk1.5.0_06-P26.4.1\jre\lib\i18n.jar; C:\PROGRA~1\Java\jrockit-jdk1.5.0_06-P26.4.1\jre\lib\sunrsasign.jar; C:\PROGRA~1\Java\jrockit-jdk1.5.0_06-P26.4.1\jre\lib\jsse.jar; C:\PROGRA~1\Java\jrockit-jdk1.5.0_06-P26.4.1\jre\lib\jce.jar; C:\PROGRA~1\Java\jrockit-jdk1.5.0_06-P26.4.1\jre\lib\charsets.jar; C:\PROGRA~1\Java\jrockit-jdk1.5.0_06-P26.4.1\jre\classes
<b>OS Version</b>	Microsoft Server 2003 R2 Enterprise x64 Edition, Service Pack 1
<b>Other software</b>	None

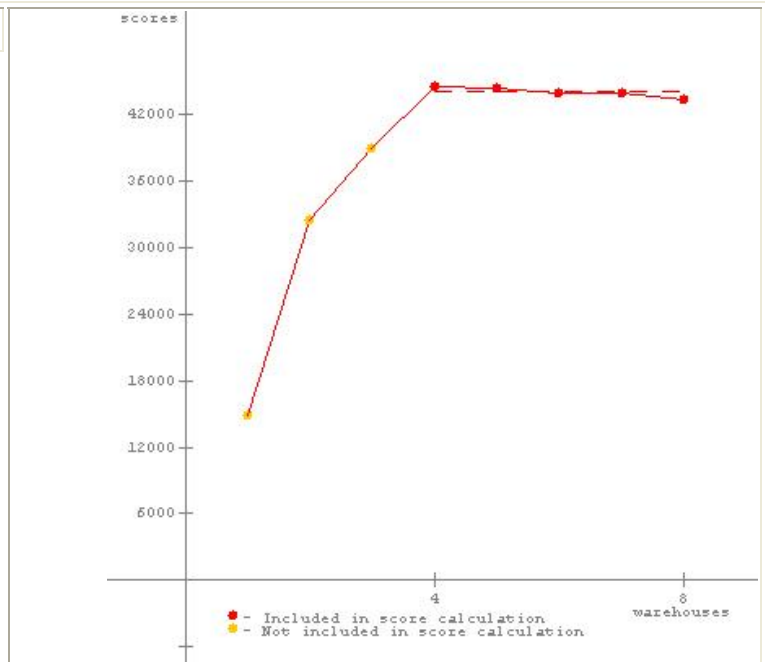
<b>Test Information</b>	
<b>Tested by</b>	Principled Technologies, Inc.
<b>SPEC license #</b>	3184
<b>Test location</b>	Durham, NC
<b>Test date</b>	Jan 3, 2007
<b>H/w available</b>	Aug-2006
<b>JVM available</b>	Nov-2006
<b>OS available</b>	Dec-2005
<b>Other s/w available</b>	none

<b>AOT Compilation</b>	
<b>Tuning</b>	
"lock pages in memory" was enabled for the user running the benchmark. Each JVM instance was bound to a single CPU node	
<b>Notes</b>	
Disabled Adjacent Cache Line Prefetch and HW Prefetcher	

## JVM 1 Scores:

## No errors. Valid run.

Warehouses	SPECjbb2005 bops	Incl. in metric
1	14923	
2	32417	
3	38849	
4	44546	*
5	44375	*
6	43902	*
7	43936	*
8	43363	*
<b>SPECjbb2005</b>	<b>(from 4 to 8)</b>	<b>44024 SPECjbb2005 bops</b>



SPEC license # 3184

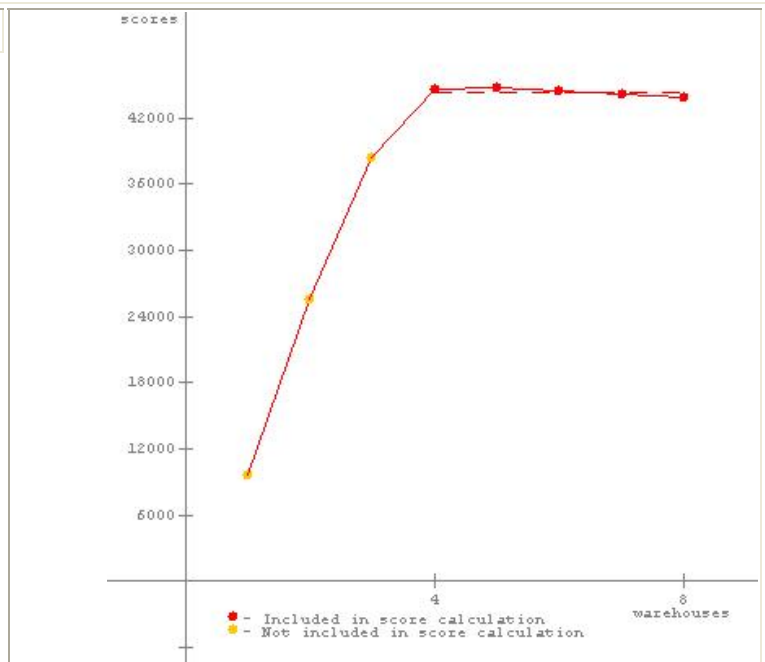
Tested by: Principled Technologies, Inc.

Test date: Jan 3, 2007

## JVM 2 Scores:

## No errors. Valid run.

Warehouses	SPECjbb2005 bops	Incl. in metric
1	9596	
2	25553	
3	38428	
4	44641	*
5	44792	*
6	44365	*
7	44108	*
8	43772	*
<b>SPECjbb2005</b>	<b>(from 4 to 8)</b>	<b>44336 SPECjbb2005 bops</b>



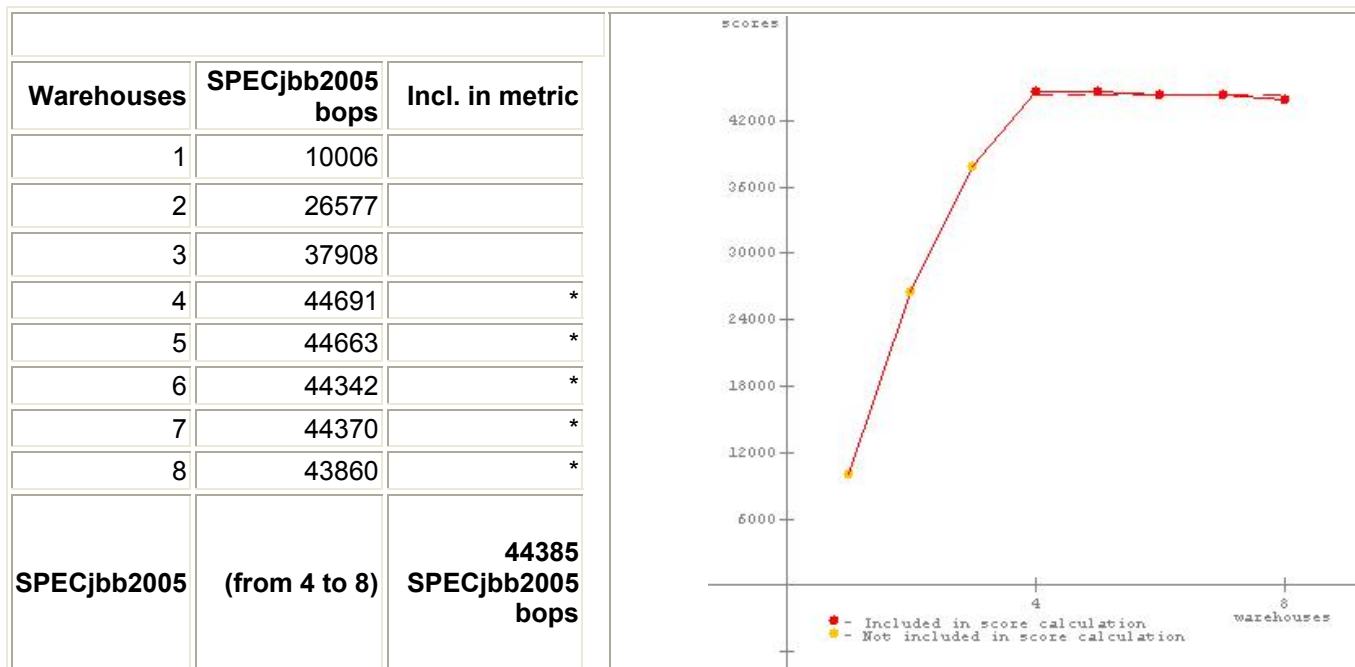
SPEC license # 3184

Tested by: Principled Technologies, Inc.

Test date: Jan 3, 2007

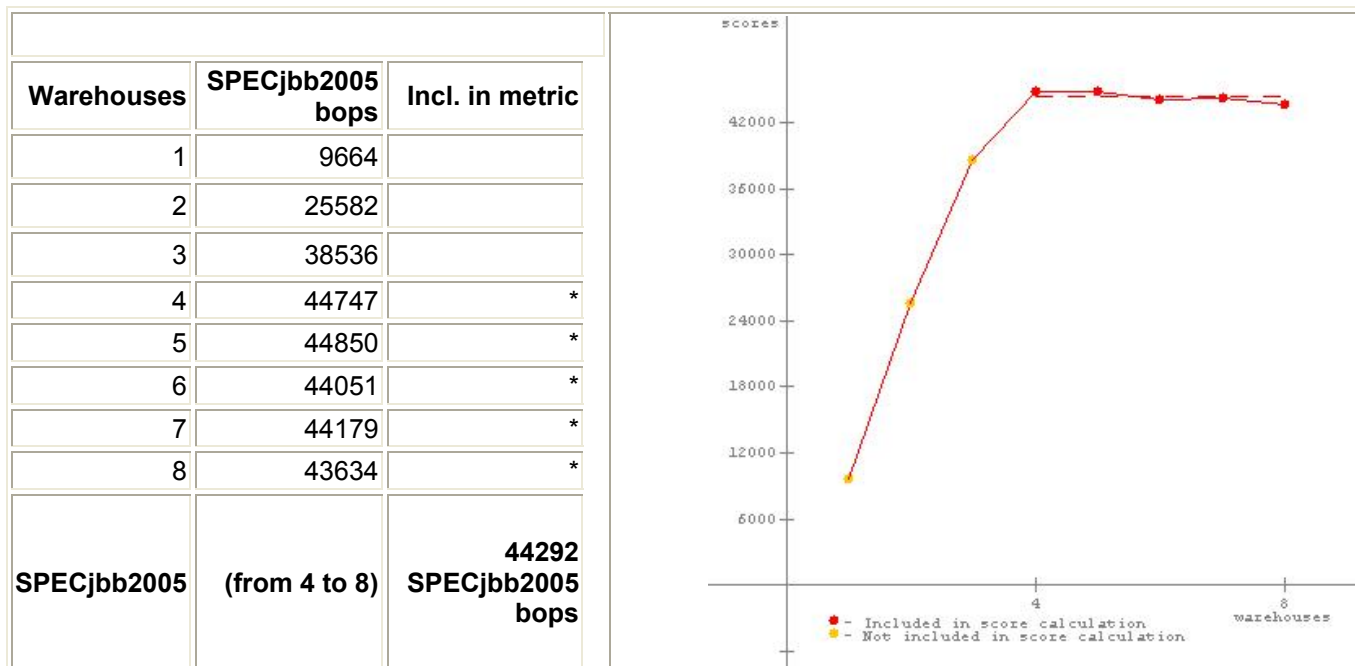
## JVM 3 Scores:

No errors. Valid run.



## JVM 4 Scores:

No errors. Valid run.





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